



# Towards Federated Unsupervised Representation Learning

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# Current Situation

## Labeled data for model training

- Extensive number centrally aggregated

## Ever-increasing number of IoT devices

- Data hard to aggregate
- Active learning is undesirable

## Privacy concerns

- GDPR



Supervised architecture	# of labeled training data used
ResNet	1.28M images
Deep Speech 2	English: 12K hours
VGG	1.3M images



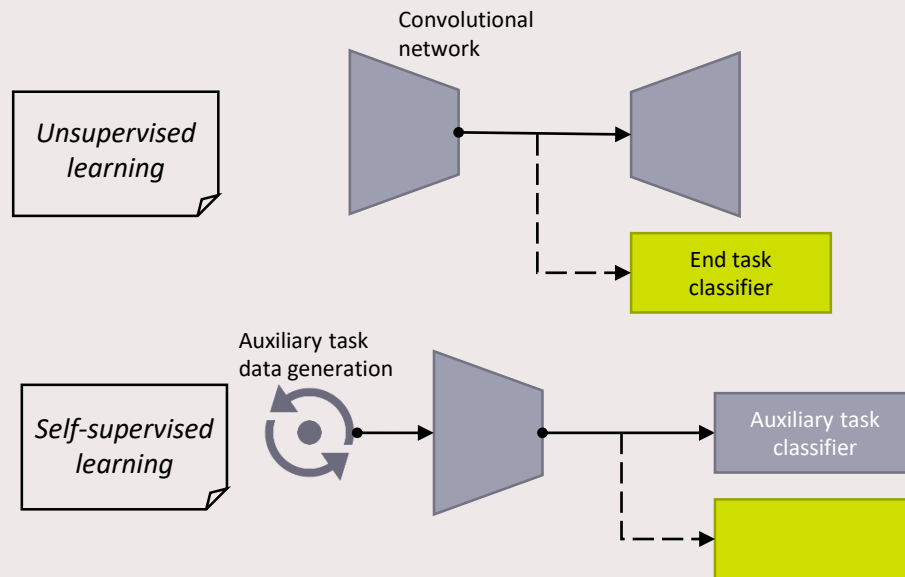
# Unsupervised Representation Learning

## Methodology

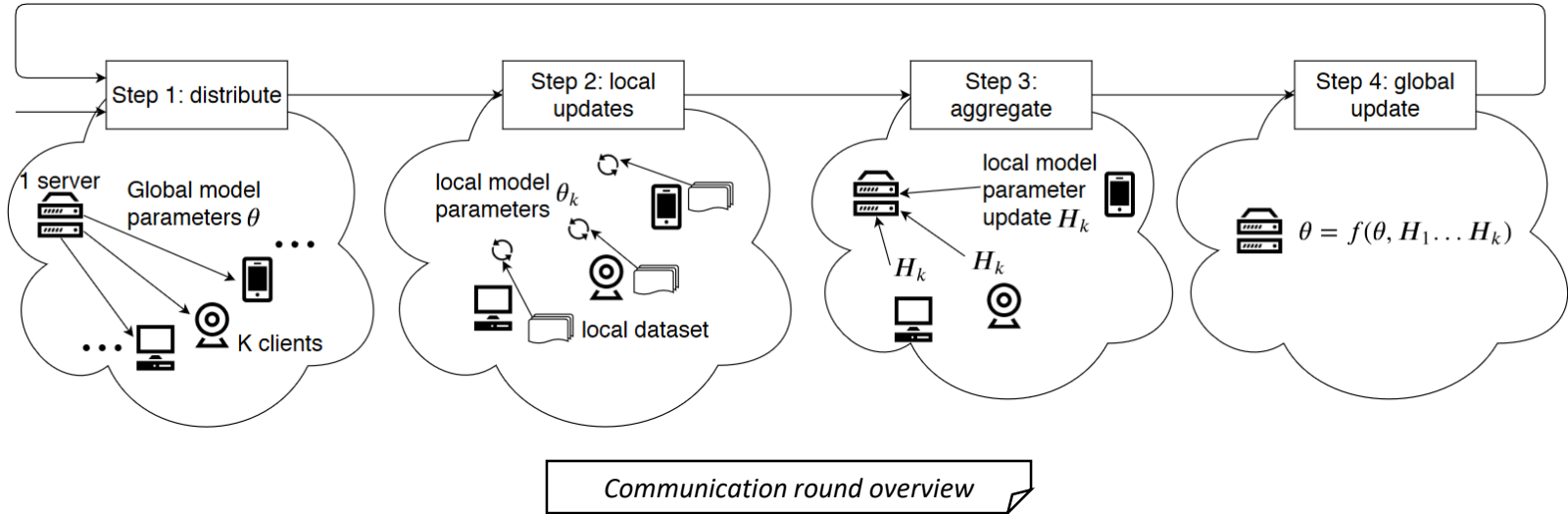
- Pre-train with unlabeled data
- Extract high-level features from labeled data
- Train down-stream task with labeled data

## Existing literature

- Limited to centralized context



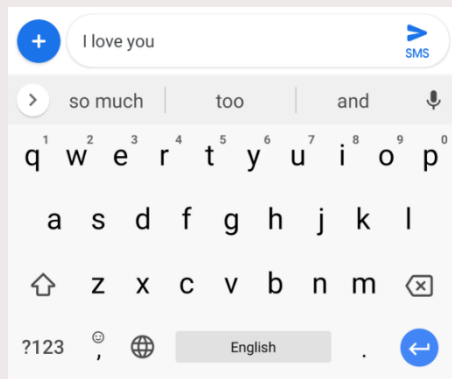
# Federated Machine Learning



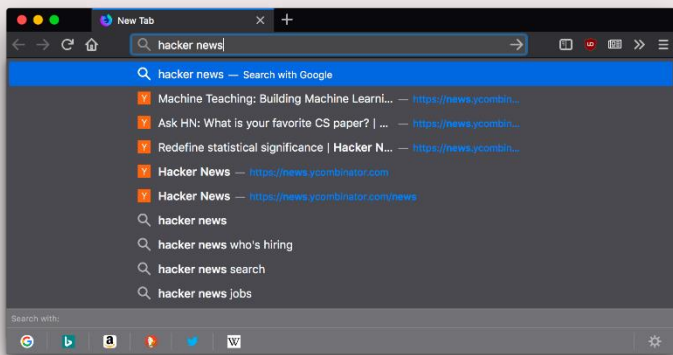
# Federated Machine Learning

## Existing implementations

- **Implicitly labeled data from user interaction**



*Next word prediction*



*Bookmark suggestion optimization*

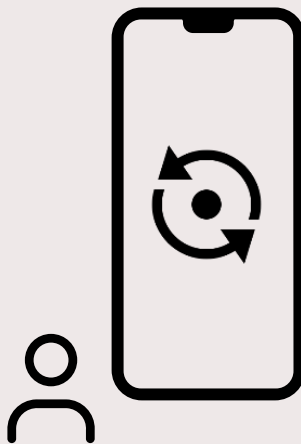
# Federated and Self-supervised Learning

Auxiliary task data generation

- Automated pre-processing step on devices

Compared to active learning

- No human involvement

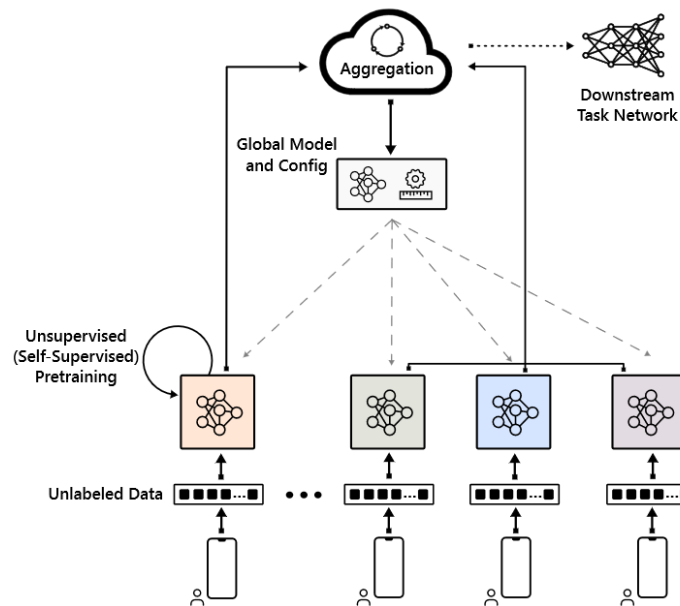


# Contributions

Pre-training models with unlabeled data at IoT devices

Introduction of FURL

Effectiveness demonstration against supervised learning



# Effectiveness Demonstration Methodology

Supervised, autoencoder, and self-supervised network

- Encoder-decoder TCN
- Common trunk

Three human activity detection datasets

- HHAR, MobiAct and HAPT

Performance assessment (test data)

- 5-fold user-split cross validation
- Metrics: F1 and Kappa score





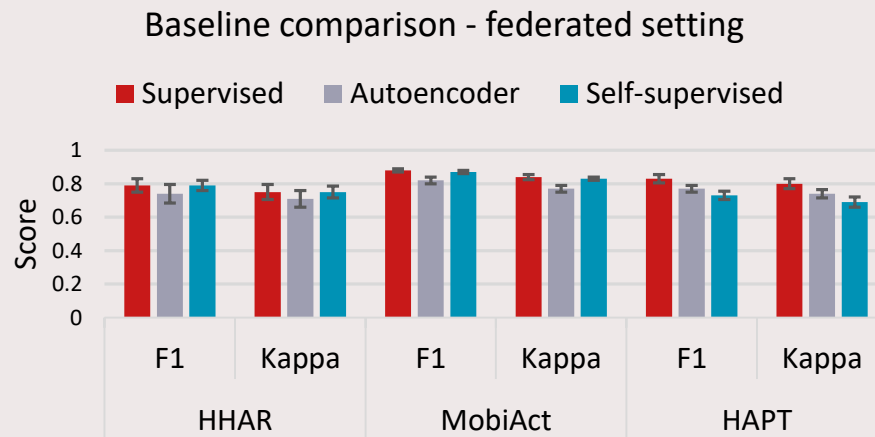
# Preliminary findings – baseline comparison

(Un)labeled data share

- **Classes**
- **Generative distribution**

Compared to supervised learning: mixed results

- **MobiAct, HHAR: on par**
- **HAPT: worse**



# Preliminary findings – feature transferability

Down-stream end-to-end training  
on HHAR, HAPT

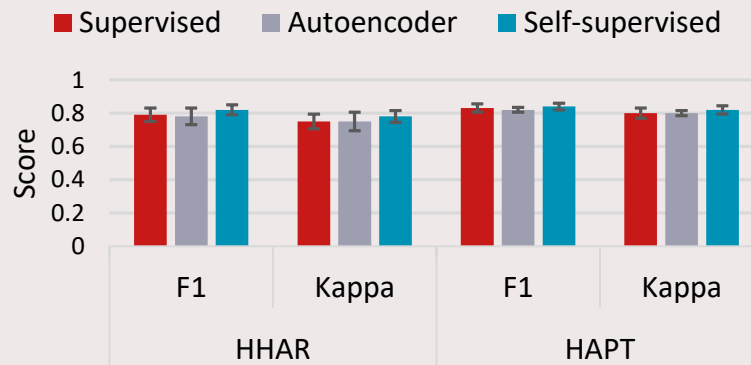
Pre-training with MobiAct

- More classes
- Bigger generative distribution

Compared to supervised learning

- On average slightly outperforming

Feature transferability - federated setting



# Future Work

Experiment extensions

- Non-IID data
- Other application domains

Privacy and security attack handling

Compound model scaling

New modalities and frameworks

## Want to collaborate?

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